

Interim Report 201ñ

Celesio AG

H1 Half-year financial
report as of
30 September 2015

celesio

Celesio is a leading international wholesale and retail company and provider of logistics and services to the pharmaceutical and healthcare sector. Our proactive and preventive approach ensures that patients receive the products and support that they require for optimum care. With more than 38,000 employees, we operate in 14 countries around the world. Every day, we serve over 2 million customers – at more than 2,200 pharmacies of our own and over 4,300 participants in our brand partnership schemes. With 134 wholesale branches, we supply 65,000 pharmacies and hospitals every day with up to 130,000 pharmaceutical products. Our services benefit a patient pool of about 15 million per day.

McKesson Corporation, San Francisco, USA, is the majority shareholder in Celesio AG. The company acquired more than 75 percent of Celesio AG shares in February 2014. McKesson provides solutions that include pharmaceutical and medical-surgical supply management, healthcare information technology, and business and clinical services.

Change in the financial year and additional notes

Until the end of fiscal year 2014 our business year lasted from 1 January to 31 December. On the Annual General Meeting 2014, shareholders decided to align the business year with the business year of the majority shareholder McKesson Corporation, San Francisco, USA. Therefore the months from 1 January 2015 to 31 March 2015 formed our previous short fiscal year 2015. All following business years now last from 1 April to 31 March. For comparison purposes within the management report, statements referring to the reporting period, the first half of fiscal year 2016 (1 April 2015 to 30 September 2015) will be compared with the unaudited H1 period (1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014) of fiscal year 2014. Interim condensed consolidated financial statements (IFRS) referring to the closing date of Q2 2016 (30 September 2015) are compared with the short fiscal year figures (31 March 2015). This enables the comparison in the course of the year to the outlook with the basis fiscal year 2014 and the comparison to the already published figures for the previous period. We do not face a material seasonality in the course of the business.

Following the decision to put our Brazilian activities on sale, the corresponding entities have been classified as discontinued operations. The previous year's figures were restated according to IFRS regulations to allow comparison to the previous year period. Unless stated otherwise, the following comments on revenue and earnings development pertain to continuing operations, only.

This Interim Report has been neither reviewed nor audited and does not include all of the information required for full combined management report or full consolidated annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report for the short fiscal year 2015 (1 January to 31 March 2015).

The fiscal year at a glance

KEY FIGURES OF THE CELESIO GROUP		1st half 2014	1st half 2016	Change on EUR basis %
Continuing operations				
Revenue	EUR m	10,118.1	10,672.7	5.5
Gross profit	EUR m	1,092.6	1,188.2	8.8
adjusted ¹⁾	EUR m	1,092.6	1,188.2	8.8
EBIT	EUR m	154.0	228.6	48.5
adjusted ¹⁾	EUR m	199.9	235.5	17.8
Profit before taxes	EUR m	121.5	201.0	65.4
adjusted ¹⁾	EUR m	167.5	207.9	24.1
Net profit/loss	EUR m	73.3	138.9	89.4
adjusted ¹⁾	EUR m	114.9	144.8	26.0
Earnings per share (basic)	EUR	0.36	0.68	85.7
Earnings per share (basic), adjusted ¹⁾	EUR	0.58	0.70	22.0
Cash inflow/outflow from operating activities	EUR m	-115.6	68.9	-
Net cash flow from investing activities	EUR m	-57.1	-83.4	-46.0
Free cash flow	EUR m	-247.0	-45.1	81.7
Employees (full-time equivalent) ²⁾		25,024	25,293	/
Retail pharmacies ²⁾		2,188	2,214	/
Wholesale branches ²⁾		108	109	/
Discontinued operations				
Net profit/loss	EUR m	-89.1	-17.2	80.6
Earnings per share (basic)	EUR	-0.46	-0.09	79.3
Employees (full-time equivalent) ²⁾		3,644	3,340	/
Continuing and discontinued operations				
Total assets	EUR m	7,769.1 ⁵⁾	7,703.3 ²⁾	-0.8
Equity	EUR m	2,537.4 ⁵⁾	2,691.6 ²⁾	6.1
Equity ratio	%	32.7 ⁵⁾	34.9 ²⁾	/
Net Financial Debt	EUR m	897.0 ⁵⁾	1,006.8 ²⁾	12.2
Net Financial Debt/EBITDA adj. ^{1) 3) 4)}		1.68 ⁵⁾	1.85 ²⁾	/
Employees (full-time equivalent) ²⁾		28,668	28,633	/
Employees ²⁾		38,623	38,167	/
Net profit/loss for the period	EUR m	-15.8	121.7	/
Earnings per share (basic)	EUR	-0.10	0.59	/

1) Adjusted for special effects from defined non-recurring expenses and income (including tax effect).

2) Closing figures at the end of the reporting period.

3) Based on EBITDA of the last twelve months.

4) Previous year figures as reported

5) Closing figures as at 31 March 2015.

Economy

No significant dependency on economic environment

The pharmaceutical wholesale business operates in a relatively stable market environment that is not directly dependent on economic stability. The pharmaceutical retail business is slightly dependent on the overall economy, typically for non-prescription products sold. However, we have not seen any precise dependency on the overall economic environment in the past. During the first half of fiscal year 2016, the basic parameters of the economic environment did not change significantly and had no impact on Celesio.

Revenue and earnings development

CELESIO GROUP REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS	1st half 2014		1st half 2016	
	EUR m	% of revenue	EUR m	% of revenue
Revenue	10,118.1	100.0	10,672.7	100.0
Gross profit	1,092.6	10.8	1,188.2	11.1
adjusted ¹⁾	1,092.6	10.8	1,188.2	11.1
EBIT	154.0	1.5	228.6	2.1
adjusted ¹⁾	199.9	2.0	235.5	2.2
Profit before taxes	121.5	1.2	201.0	1.9
adjusted ¹⁾	167.5	1.7	207.9	1.9
Net profit from continuing operations	73.3	0.7	138.9	1.3
adjusted ¹⁾	114.9	1.1	144.8	1.4
Net profit from discontinued operations	-89.1	-0.9	-17.2	-0.2
Net profit/loss from continuing and discontinued operations	-15.8	-0.2	121.7	1.1

1) Adjusted for special effects from defined non-recurring expenses and income (including tax effect).

Revenue

Group revenue came to EUR 10,672.7m in H1 2016, up 5.5% on the comparison period figure (H1 2014) of EUR 10,118.1m. The gain of an exclusive distribution contract with a major manufacturer in the United Kingdom and the volume growth in the British pharmacies more than offset the loss in revenue due to the loss of the hospital contract in Norway. Thereby overall positive exchange rate effects amounted to EUR 365.6m, mainly related to the British pound sterling.

Gross profit

Gross profit (revenue less cost of goods sold) increased by 8.8%, more than revenue in H1 2016 from EUR 1,092.6m to EUR 1,188.2m. At 11.1%, the gross profit margin in the reporting period was higher than the previous year level (H1 2014) of 10.8%. This is mainly due to the stronger revenue growth in Consumer Solutions, which has higher margins than Pharmacy Solutions. Overall positive exchange rate effects amounted to EUR 65.0m, mainly related to the British pound sterling.

EBIT

EBIT (earnings before interest and taxes) for continuing operations saw an increase of 48.5% from EUR 154.0m (H1 2014) to EUR 228.6m.

In the income statement, we show defined non-recurring expenses and income as non-recurring effects in EBIT.

Celesio defines an effect as non-recurring, once this effect is derived from

- impairment losses/gains recorded on non-current assets and revaluations pursuant to IFRS 5 regarding the expected amount of net sales proceeds, and deconsolidation of these entities,
- impairment losses/write ups recognized on intangible or tangible assets,
- restructuring charges from changes in strategy, of ordinary business, including changes to the senior management
- the integration process with the McKesson Corporation, to be well-positioned in future to meet the increasingly global nature of drug distribution and the healthcare industry.

In H1 2016, non-recurring effects amounted to EUR 6.9m (H1 2014 EUR 46.0m). Thereof EUR 4.7m are derived from legal and other consultancy expenses in connection with the acquisition by McKesson Corporation. The Management Board of Celesio AG is confident that these short term integration costs are counterbalanced with long term advantages.

Adjusted for special effects, EBIT increased by 17.8% to EUR 235.5m compared to EUR 199.9m in H1 2014. The enhanced performance of our British operations and the overall development in Consumer Solutions supported the results. Additionally, we recorded the final insurance settlement payment in Belgium for the warehouse destroyed by a fire in November 2012. Overall positive exchange rate effects on EBIT adjusted amounted to EUR 17.6m, mainly related to the British pound sterling.

Investment result

At 6.5m, the investment result was below the comparison period level (H1 2014) of EUR 7.4m. This was primarily attributable to extraordinary costs of the Dutch investment Brocacef Holding N.V. relating to the pending acquisition of Mediq Apotheken Netherland B.V.

Financial result

The financial result, the balance of the items interest expense, interest income and other financial result, improved to EUR –34.1m in the reporting period, compared to EUR –39.8m in H1 2014. This was primarily based on the termination of financial instruments which were substituted by an intra-group credit facility granted by McKesson Deutschland with lower interest rates. The adjusted interest coverage ratio was 6.9 (H1 2014 5.0). The unadjusted interest coverage ratio came to 6.7 (H1 2014 3.9).

Income taxes

The tax expenditure increased by 28.8% to EUR 62.1m (H1 2014 EUR 48.2m). This resulted in an effective tax rate of 30.9% for the reporting period compared to 39.7% in H1 2014. Adjusted for special effects, the tax rate would have been 30.4% in H1 2016 compared to 31.4% in H1 2014. This improvement is primarily attributable to changes in the composition of earnings' contributions of the individual country units.

Net profit/loss from continuing operations

The net profit from continuing operations at the Celesio Group came to EUR 138.9m, an increase of 89.4% on the figure for H1 2014 of EUR 73.3m, which results from the previously described increase in EBIT. After adjustments for special effects, net profit from continuing operations, at EUR 144.8m, was up 26.0% on

the H1 2014 figure of EUR 114.9m. The basic and diluted earnings per share of the Celasio Group increased from EUR 0.36 in H1 2014 to EUR 0.68 in H1 2016.

Net profit/loss from discontinued operations

In April 2015, a fire destroyed our Brazilian warehouse in Sao Paulo. We do not expect the fire to have any material effect on our financial condition and results of our operations as we have an insurance to cover most of the arising expenses and losses. However, this event may have some influence on the expected value of proceeds from the sale of the Brazilian business. Orders usually made through the respective warehouse were redirected to our other warehouses based in the region of Sao Paulo.

Discontinued operations generated revenue of EUR 774.0m in H1 2016, a decrease of 4.8% on the comparison period figure of EUR 812.7m. Currency effects on revenue, caused by the Brazilian real amounted to EUR –121.9m.

Gross profit of discontinued operations decreased by 7.3% to EUR 70.3m compared to EUR 75.9m in H1 2014. Currency effects on gross profit, caused by the Brazilian real amounted to EUR –12.9m.

Due to the goodwill impairment in fiscal year 2014 the discontinued operations' EBIT rose significantly to EUR –8.6m (H1 2014 EUR –83.6m) in H1 2016. Overall, currency effects on EBIT, caused by the Brazilian real amounted to EUR 1.2m. In short fiscal 2015, earnings were significantly impacted by the impairment losses of EUR 210.5m at our Brazilian activities.

The net loss incurred by discontinued operations thus improved to EUR –17.2m compared to EUR –89.1m in H1 2014. With the disposal of the Brazilian operations expected within the next months, the foreign currency translation reserves with a current aggregate loss as of 30 September 2015 of EUR 125.8m will be recorded as an expense through profit and loss, once the sale transaction is closed.

Net profit/loss

Net profit and loss from continuing and discontinued operations came to EUR 121.7m compared to a net profit of EUR –15.8m in H1 2014. Accordingly, basic and diluted earnings per share came to EUR 0.59 compared to EUR –0.10 in H1 2014.

Market environment and business development

Celesio is one of the largest pharmacy operators in Europe. As of the end of H1 2016 Celesio operated 2,214 retail pharmacies (H1 2014 2,188) in six countries. In H1 2016, we opened twenty-seven, acquired nine, closed six and sold no pharmacies due to ongoing optimisation of our portfolio.

In July 2015 Celesio AG announced the formation of a strategic partnership that will see LloydsPharmacy acquire Sainsbury's pharmacy business for £125m. Under the terms of the transaction, LloydsPharmacy has agreed to acquire 281 pharmacies in total, including 277 in-store pharmacies and four located in hospitals, all of which will be rebranded as LloydsPharmacy. The deal is expected to complete by the end of February next year, subject to regulatory conditions being satisfied.

Revenue and earnings development

CONSUMER SOLUTIONS REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS	1st half 2014		1st half 2016	
	EUR m	OF REVENUE %	EUR m	OF REVENUE %
Revenue	1,781.2	100.0	2,093.1	100.0
Gross profit	602.4	33.8	678.4	32.4
adjusted ¹⁾	602.4	33.8	678.4	32.4
EBIT	86.7	4.9	124.5	5.9
adjusted ¹⁾	104.2	5.9	127.5	6.1

1) Adjusted for special effects from defined non-recurring expenses and income.

Revenue

Revenue in the Consumer Solutions division increased by 17.5% from EUR 1,781.2m in H1 2014 to EUR 2,093.1m in H1 2016. All countries, but in particular the performance in the United Kingdom, mainly due to an increase in service agreements, contributed to this growth. Overall positive exchange rate effects on revenue amounted to EUR 161.7m, mainly related to the British pound sterling.

Gross profit

In H1 2016, the division's gross profit increased by 12.6% from EUR 602.4m H1 2014 to EUR 678.4m. All countries contributed to this growth. The gross profit margin declined from 33.8% in H1 2014 to 32.4% in H1 2016. Higher sales and service volumes with lower-margin products put pressure on the overall gross profit margin in the United Kingdom. Overall positive exchange rate effects amounted to EUR 48.8m, mainly related to the British pound sterling.

EBIT

In H1 2016, EBIT amounted to EUR 124.5m compared to EUR 86.7m in H1 2014, an increase of 43.6%. EBIT adjusted for special effects increased by 22.4% from EUR 104.2m in H1 2014 to EUR 127.5m in H1 2016. The development was driven by the good performance in several countries, in particular the United Kingdom and Italy contributed to this growth. Exchange rate effects had an overall positive impact of EUR 9.8m, mainly derived from the British pound sterling.

Market environment and business development

Celesio bundles its wholesale activities with pharmaceutical products in its Pharmacy Solutions division.

With 109 wholesale branches (H1 2014 108), Celesio subsidiaries are active in ten European countries.

Celesio leads the market in France and in Austria, and is one of the top players in all other countries, with the exception of Italy, where we only operate regionally.

Celesio offers supplementary services for pharmacists such as the organisation and management of pharmacy cooperation programmes in Germany, in France, in Belgium and in Norway. Within the framework of these cooperation programmes, we also support our business partners with offers and campaigns and provide platforms to facilitate the exchange of information.

The pharmaceutical wholesale business operates in a relatively stable market environment that is not directly dependent on economic stability. In Europe, cheaper generics are replacing original products at an increasing rate. Coupled with an equally weak development in volumes, this is causing the market to decline, in particular in France. The discount level in Germany has cooled down since the first quarter of 2014. Due to a loss of a major hospital contract in Norway, the course of business in our wholesale division varies in H1 2016 in comparison to H1 2014.

Revenue and earnings development

PHARMACY SOLUTIONS REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS	1st half 2014		1st half 2016	
	EUR m	OF REVENUE %	EUR m	OF REVENUE %
Revenue	8,336.9	100.0	8,579.6	100.0
Gross profit	490.2	5.9	509.8	5.9
adjusted ¹⁾	490.2	5.9	509.8	5.9
EBIT	134.1	1.6	133.9	1.6
adjusted ¹⁾	137.4	1.6	135.3	1.6

1) Adjusted for special effects from defined non-recurring expenses and income.

Revenue

In H1 2016, the Pharmacy Solutions division generated revenue of EUR 8,579.6m compared to EUR 8,336.9m in H1 2014, an increase of 2.9%. The gain of an exclusive distribution contract with a major manufacturer in the United Kingdom in late fiscal year 2014 and overall positive currency effects of EUR 203.8m from the British pound sterling have more than compensated the decline of revenue due to the loss of a hospital contract in Norway.

Gross profit

In H1 2016, the division's gross profit increased by 4.0% from EUR 490.2m in H1 2014 to EUR 509.8m. The lower discount level in Germany offset the loss of the hospital contract in Norway and the continued challenging market environment in France. Thereby overall positive exchange rate effects amounted to EUR 16.2m, mainly related to the British pound sterling. The gross profit margin remained stable at 5.9% in H1 2016.

EBIT

In H1 2016, the division's EBIT decreased by 0.1% from EUR 134.1m in H1 2014 to EUR 133.9. EBIT adjusted for special effects decreased by 1.5% from EUR 137.4m in H1 2014 to EUR 135.3m in H1 2016. The lower discount level in Germany and the final insurance settlement payment in Belgium for the warehouse destroyed by a fire in 2012 had a positive impact on the EBIT, but were offset by the loss of the hospital contract in Norway and the continued challenging market environment in France. Additionally higher transport costs in the United Kingdom due to an increase in the service agreements and the minimum wage in Germany valid since 1 January 2015 weigh on the EBIT. Overall positive currency effects, mainly caused by the British pound sterling, amounted to EUR 7.7m.

Statement of cash flows

The net cash flow from operating activities comes to EUR 68.9m for continuing operations in H1 2016. This compares to cash flow of EUR –115.6m generated in H1 2014. This trend was primarily the result of changes in operating net assets. Due to the change of fiscal year in H1 2016 there were reporting date-related changes in net working capital, which did not occur in H1 2014, such as decrease of trade receivables and trade payables in United Kingdom.

Net cash flow from operating activities came to EUR 11.3m for discontinued operations, compared to EUR –52.7m in H1 2014.

The net cash flow from investing activities for continuing operations amounted to EUR –83.4m, compared to EUR –57.1m in H1 2014. Compared to H1 2014, higher investments led to an increase in cash outflow for investments. Additionally, the acquisition of pharmacies mainly in Ireland during H1 2016 is reflected within this figure. For discontinued operations, net cash flow from investing activities came to EUR –4.4m, in contrast to the net cash flow of EUR –3.0m in H1 2014.

Cash and cash equivalents came to EUR 294.5m as of 30 September 2015, a decrease of EUR 77.1m compared to the end of short fiscal year 2015.

Free cash flow, the balance of net cash flow from operating activities, net cash flow from investing activities and interest paid and received, totalled EUR –45.1m for continuing operations in H1 2016 compared to EUR –247.0m in H1 2014.

Net debt increased from EUR 897.0m as of 31 March 2015 to EUR 1,006.8m as of 30 September 2015. The key performance indicator net debt/EBITDA (adjusted) increased from 1.68 as of 31 March 2015 to 1.85 as of 30 September 2015.

Cash outflow from financing activities for continued operations amounted to EUR –59.0m in H1 2016 compared to a cash outflow of EUR –157.4m in H1 2014. Thereby the cash inflow from borrowing increased by EUR 275.9m, while cash outflow for the settlement of financial liabilities increased by EUR –157.5 m. Net cash flow from change in borrowings increased by 118.3m due to additional loans received from the McKesson Corporation totalling 398.0m partially offset by repayments of bank loans of –252.8m.

As of 30 September 2015, net working capital amounted to EUR 1,468.4m (31 March 2015 EUR 1,377.4m).

Change in credit facilities

At the end of September 2015 the existing intragroup credit facility with McKesson Deutschland was extended by EUR 500m to EUR 1,000m as per 1 October 2015. Furthermore, the syndicated revolving credit facility of EUR 500m was cancelled with effect from 2 October 2015.

Assets position

As of 30 September 2015, the Celesio Group had total assets of EUR 7,703.3m; an increase of EUR 65.8m compared to 31 March 2015.

The gearing, which expresses the ratio of net debt to equity, improved as of 30 September 2015 to 0.37 compared to 0.35 as of 31 March 2015. This development was mainly driven by the decrease in net financial liabilities.

ASSETS	31/03/2015	30/09/2015
EUR m		
Non-current assets	3,064.9	3,034.7
Current assets	4,704.2	4,668.6
Total assets	7,769.1	7,703.3

Non-current assets decreased by a total of EUR 30.2m to EUR 3,034.7m compared to 31 March 2015. This decrease was mainly driven by currency effects of EUR 51.9m, depreciation of non-current assets by EUR 54.4m as well as a decrease of Deferred Tax Assets of EUR 8.1m. This decrease was adversely affected by investments in property, plant & equipment of EUR 53.7m.

As of 30 September 2015, current assets came to EUR 4,668.6m a decrease of EUR 35.6m compared to 31 March 2015.

Inventories raised by EUR 43.4m in total to EUR 1,491.1m. Trade receivables raised by EUR 37.6m to EUR 2,239.1m, impacted by improved revenue development in UK. As of 30 September 2015, cash and cash equivalents came to EUR 294.5m compared to EUR 371.6m as of 31 March 2015; an decrease of EUR 77.1m overall mainly driven by repayment of loans and settlement of hedging agreements. As of 30 September 2015, other receivables and other assets increased by EUR 36.6m to EUR 276.8m. This trend was essentially driven by exchange rate effects, deferred bonus income as well as non-income tax prepayments in France. As of 30 September 2015, the Celesio Group reported assets as held for sale of EUR 338.6m. The decrease of EUR 80.2m compared with 31 March 2015 is primarily caused by foreign currency effects on assets of the Brazilian business planned for disposal.

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	31/03/2015	30/09/2015
EUR m		
Equity	2,537.4	2,691.6
Liabilities	5,231.7	5,011.7
Non-current liabilities	1,731.1	1,371.4
Current liabilities	3,500.6	3,640.3
Total assets	7,769.1	7,703.3

As of 30 September 2015, we recorded an increase of EUR 154.2m in equity to EUR 2,691.6m compared to 31 March 2015. This development is due to the EUR 120.0m increase in revenue reserves to EUR 1,072.4m due to the net profit of the period and by the EUR 34.4m increase of revaluation reserves to EUR –442.7m as of 30 September 2015 as a result from increasing interest rates. The equity ratio came to 34.9% on 30 September 2015, an increase of 2.3 percentage points compared to 31 March 2015.

Non-current liabilities decreased by an aggregated EUR 359.7m to EUR 1,371.4m. Non-current financial liabilities were down by 295.4m to EUR 951.0m as 30 September 2015. This decrease in non-current financial liabilities is primarily driven by reclassifications into current liabilities.

Current liabilities stood at EUR 3,640.3m as of 30 September 2015 and were consequently up by EUR 139.7m compared to 31 March 2015. Current financial liabilities increased by EUR 328.2m to EUR 350.4m mainly as a result of reclassifications from non-current financial liabilities to current financial liabilities. Trade payables decreased from EUR 2,385.0m to EUR 2,261.7m mainly due to currency and cut-off effects.

As of 30 September 2015, the group disclosed total liabilities held for sale of EUR 347.0m mainly related to the Brazilian operations.

Employees

CELESIO GROUP EMPLOYEES	Full-time equivalents		Employees	
	reporting date	reporting date	reporting date	reporting date
	30/06/2014	30/09/2015	30/06/2014	30/09/2015
Continuing operations				
Consumer Solutions	15,020	15,421	22,588	22,557
Continuing operations				
Pharmacy Solutions	9,680	9,548	11,699	11,561
Group holding	324	324	355	362
Discontinued operations	3,644	3,340	3,981	3,687
Continuing and discontinued operations	28,668	28,633	38,623	38,167

Employee figures ¹⁾

As of 30 September 2015, 28,633 full-time equivalents (FTEs) worked for Celesio – a decrease of 0.1% against 30 June 2014.

As of 30 September 2015, a total of 15,421 FTEs were employed in the Consumer Solutions division, an increase of 2.7%. At 61.0% (30 June 2014 60.0%) this division accounted for the largest share of FTEs in the group. The Pharmacy Solutions division had 9,548 employees as of 30 September 2015, a decrease of 1.4%. There were 324 FTEs working at Holding level as of 30 September 2015 (30 June 2014 324 FTEs).

¹⁾ Unless otherwise indicated, the employee figures relate to full-time equivalents.

Overall picture of the economic situation

The pharmaceutical and healthcare markets in which we operate as a leading service provider are characterised by good long-term prospects for development. In contrast, government intervention in pricing and margin-setting is associated with negative effects for Celesio in many of the European markets.

First half of fiscal 2016 results reflect a solid start to the fiscal year and Celesio remains focused on achieving key priorities in the business. In H1 2016, we recorded a pleasing development of revenue ahead of our expectation, due to the gain of an exclusive distribution contract with a major manufacturer in the United Kingdom, in particular. Overall, the revenue development in all countries met our expectation. Currency exchange rate effects had an overall positive impact on the development of revenue of EUR 365.6m.

During H1 2016, we recorded several influences on gross profit and the gross profit margin in both segments. Overall the gross profit margin increased to 11.1%.

In line with our expectations, additional non-recurring effects occurred due to legal and other consultancy expenses in connection with the takeover by McKesson Corporation.

On divisional level, we recorded a twofold development, which was ahead of our expectations. As expected, both divisions were able to raise revenue. Whereas the retail business recorded a significant increase in EBIT adjusted, results were flat within the wholesale business.

Consistent with our latest outlook, we recognized a drop in the adjusted tax rate.

Overall, we consider the economic situation of the Celesio Group to be positive.

Due to the goodwill impairment in fiscal 2014, we recorded an increase in EBIT of our discontinued operations.

Research and development

As a healthcare trading company and service provider, we have no need to pursue research and development activities in the course of our business. Of course we still develop our range of services and our IT infrastructure on a rolling basis.

Risk and opportunities report

As an international company, we encounter various risks and opportunities in the course of our varied business operations. Each and every corporate decision is based on a conscious weighing up of the opportunities and risks involved. We therefore set up a comprehensive opportunities and risk management system which allows us to identify and analyse risks in good time and take suitable countermeasures if necessary.

The key opportunities and risks for us are presented on the Annual Report for short fiscal year 2015 from page 71 onwards. For an update regarding the tax risks in Brazil we refer to page 42.

Subsequent events

Since 30 September 2015 until the editorial deadline there had been no events of particular significance that can be expected to have a material effect on the assets position and revenue and operating results of the Celesio Group.

Revenue and earnings forecast

Due to the business development in the first half of 2016 Celesio is raising the earnings forecast.

Overall, the Management Board of Celesio AG expects that revenue for continued operations for fiscal 2016 will be at the same level as the figure for fiscal 2014. The Management Board expects adjusted EBIT for fiscal 2016 to be slightly better than previous expectation driven by the positive impact of exchange rates.

The announced acquisition of the Sainsbury's pharmacy business, which is expected to be completed by end of February 2016, will have no significant impact on the profit and loss statement but on the financial and assets position. The purchase price of GBP 125m is presumably payable in late fiscal year 2016.

Upon the disposal of the Brazilian operations, the foreign currency translation reserves, of EUR 125.8m will be recorded as an expense through profit and loss.

In fiscal 2016, additional consulting and integration costs in connection with the acquisition by McKesson Corporation will arise and earnings will be derived from the combined sourcing with McKesson. McKesson expects annual synergies of 275 - 325 million dollars by the fourth year following registration of the domination and profit and loss transfer agreement. Both effects are not considered in the EBIT forecast, which is only based on adjusted EBIT.

For a detailed disclosure of the expectations on the outlook of Celesio, we refer to the respective section within the Annual Report for short fiscal year 2015 (page 89-95), which is still valid, except for expectations on adjusted EBIT on group level mentioned above.

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements

Celesio AG

1st half of 2016

Consolidated income statement

EUR M	short fiscal 2015	2nd quarter 2016	short fiscal 2015	1st half 2016
Revenue	5,269.1	5,335.6	5,269.1	10,672.7
Cost of materials	-4,696.8	-4,743.1	-4,696.8	-9,484.5
Gross profit	572.3	592.5	572.3	1,188.2
Other operating income	41.8	50.1	41.8	100.4
Other operating expenses	-204.8	-197.8	-204.8	-381.4
Personnel expenses	-314.4	-307.2	-314.4	-623.1
EBITDA	94.9	137.6	94.9	284.1
Depreciation on intangible assets held as non-current assets and on property, plant and equipment	-26.5	-27.8	-26.5	-54.4
Impairment losses recorded on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	-6.2	-1.1	-6.2	-1.1
EBIT	62.2	108.7	62.2	228.6
Result from associates accounted for using the equity method	15.2	3.5	15.2	6.4
Result from other investments	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.1
Interest expense	-17.5	-17.5	-17.5	-33.7
Interest income	1.8	1.6	1.8	2.9
Other financial result	-7.1	-2.3	-7.1	-3.3
Profit before tax from continuing operations	54.5	94.0	54.5	201.0
Income taxes	-21.5	-26.9	-21.5	-62.1
Net profit/loss from continuing operations	33.0	67.1	33.0	138.9
Net profit/loss from discontinued operations	-255.3	-8.2	-255.3	-17.2
Net profit/loss for the period	-222.3	58.9	-222.3	121.7
Of which attributable to non-controlling interests	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.7
Of which attributable to shareholders of Celesio AG	-223.1	57.7	-223.1	120.0
Profit transfer	7.9	0.0	7.9	0.0
Earnings per share – undiluted	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Net profit/loss from continuing operations	0.16	0.33	0.16	0.68
Net profit/loss from discontinued operations	-1.26	-0.05	-1.26	-0.09
Net profit/loss for the period	-1.10	0.28	-1.10	0.59
Earnings per share – diluted	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Net profit/loss from continuing operations	0.16	0.33	0.16	0.68
Net profit/loss from discontinued operations	-1.26	-0.05	-1.26	-0.09
Net profit/loss for the period	-1.10	0.28	-1.10	0.59

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

EUR M	short fiscal 2015	2nd quarter 2016	short fiscal 2015	1st half 2016
Net profit/loss for the period	-222.3	58.9	-222.3	121.7
Items, that are not recycled through profit or loss	-12.6	21.8	-12.6	55.5
Revaluation of defined benefit pension plans	-12.6	21.8	-12.6	55.5
Items, that are recycled through profit or loss	18.7	-31.0	18.7	-21.3
Foreign currency translation posted directly to other comprehensive income	18.7	-31.0	18.7	-21.3
Exchange differences	18.7	-31.0	18.7	-21.3
Other comprehensive income after tax	6.1	-9.2	6.1	34.2
From continuing operations	20.8	-8.6	20.8	34.7
Of which attributable to non-controlling interests	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0
Of which attributable to shareholders of Celesio AG	20.8	-8.5	20.8	34.7
From discontinued operations	-14.7	-0.6	-14.7	-0.5
Of which attributable to non-controlling interests	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Comprehensive income	-216.2	49.7	-216.2	155.9
From continuing operations	53.8	58.5	53.8	173.6
Of which attributable to non-controlling interests	0.8	1.1	0.8	1.8
Of which attributable to shareholders of Celesio AG	53.0	57.4	53.0	171.8
From discontinued operations	-270.0	-8.8	-270.0	-17.7

Please refer to page 49 for more information on other comprehensive income.

Consolidated statement of financial position

ASSETS	31/03/2015	30/09/2015
EUR m		
Non-current assets	3,064.9	3,034.7
Intangible assets	2,286.7	2,269.2
Property, plant and equipment	517.2	516.0
At equity investments	150.4	149.8
Other financial assets	50.5	49.7
Other non-current assets	2.0	0.0
Income tax receivables	1.5	1.5
Deferred tax assets	56.6	48.5
Current assets	4,704.2	4,668.6
Inventories	1,447.7	1,491.1
Trade receivables	2,201.5	2,239.1
Income tax receivables	24.4	28.5
Other receivables and other assets	240.2	276.8
Cash and cash equivalents	371.6	294.5
Assets held for sale	418.8	338.6
Total assets	7,769.1	7,703.3

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	31/03/2015	30/09/2015
EUR m		
Equity	2,537.4	2,691.6
Issued capital	260.1	260.1
Capital reserves	1,783.2	1,783.2
Revenue reserves	952.4	1,072.4
Revaluation reserves	-477.1	-442.7
Stake of the shareholders of Celesio AG	2,518.6	2,673.0
Non-controlling interests	18.8	18.6
Liabilities	5,231.7	5,011.7
Non-current liabilities	1,731.1	1,371.4
Financial liabilities	1,246.4	951.0
Pension provisions	403.6	307.0
Other non-current provisions	44.0	41.2
Other liabilities	6.2	6.1
Deferred tax liabilities	30.9	66.1
Current liabilities	3,500.6	3,640.3
Financial liabilities	22.2	350.4
Trade payables	2,385.0	2,261.7
Other current provisions	109.9	80.4
Income tax liabilities	66.9	117.3
Other liabilities	500.8	483.5
Liabilities held for sale	415.8	347.0
Total assets	7,769.1	7,703.3

Consolidated statement of cash flows

EUR M	short fiscal 2015	1st half 2016
Net profit/loss from continuing operations	33.0	138.9
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment of non-current intangible and property, plant and equipment	32.7	55.5
Result from associates accounted for using the equity method and other equity investments	-15.1	-6.5
Dividends received	1.3	7.0
Financial result	22.8	34.1
Net result from the disposal of non-current assets and subsidiaries	-0.2	-0.6
Impairment losses on items classified as operating assets	5.9	8.4
Change in deferred taxes and income taxes	21.5	62.1
Income taxes paid	-38.8	6.1
Other non-cash income and expenses	13.3	9.4
Change in net operating assets	-113.0	-195.1
<i>Change in inventories</i>	46.3	-63.7
<i>Change in trade receivables</i>	-143.8	-53.4
<i>Change in trade payables</i>	42.3	-101.0
<i>Change in other net operating assets</i>	-57.8	23.0
Change in other assets and liabilities	-13.2	-50.4
<i>Change in other assets</i>	40.8	4.0
<i>Change in other liabilities</i>	-54.0	-54.4
Net cash flow from operating activities - continuing activities	-49.8	68.9
Net cash flow from operating activities - discontinued operations	-21.3	11.3
Net cash flow from operating activities - continuing and discontinued operations	-71.1	80.2
Proceeds from the disposal of non-current assets	7.9	5.0
Capital expenditure on non-current assets	-33.2	-79.0
Proceeds from the disposal of subsidiaries	0.1	0.5
Cash paid for business combinations	-4.7	-9.9

EUR M

short fiscal
20151st half
2016

Net cash flow from investing activities		
- continuing operations	-29.9	-83.4
Net cash flow from investing activities		
- discontinued operations	-1.7	-4.4
Net cash flow from investing activities		
- continuing and discontinued operations	-31.6	-87.8
Payments made to shareholders (including non-controlling interests)	0.0	-1.8
Payments made in connection with the change in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control	-0.9	0.0
Proceeds from borrowings	300.0	406.8
Repayment of borrowings	-137.9	-369.9
Interest paid	-6.1	-33.2
Interest received	1.7	2.6
Profit transfer	0.0	0.0
Payments for group hedging activities	-58.9	-63.5
Net cash flow from financing activities - continuing activities	97.9	-59.0
Net cash flow from financing activities - discontinued operations	33.0	-4.5
Net cash flow from financing activities - continuing and discontinued operations	130.9	-63.5
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	28.2	-71.1
Non-cash change in cash and equivalents	13.9	-5.1
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	335.8	377.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	377.9	301.8
Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations and disposal groups at the end of the period	6.3	7.3
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (according to the group statement of financial position)	371.6	294.5

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

	Issued capital ¹	Capital reserves	Revenue reserves
EUR m			
As of 01/04/2015	260.1	1,783.2	952.4
Dividends	0.0	0.0	0.0
Changes in the amount of the shareholding in subsidiaries involving no loss of control	0.0	0.0	0.0
Reclassification of pension compensation from associated companies	0.0	0.0	0.0
Changes to the consolidated group	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other comprehensive income	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net profit/loss for the period	0.0	0.0	120.0
Comprehensive income	0.0	0.0	120.0
Profit transfer	0.0	0.0	0.0
As of 30/09/2015	260.1	1,783.2	1,072.4
As of 01/01/2015	260.1	1,783.2	1,194.5
Reclassification of pension compensation from associated companies	0.0	0.0	-11.1
Changes to the consolidated group	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other comprehensive income	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net profit/loss for the period	0.0	0.0	-223.1
Comprehensive income	0.0	0.0	-223.1
Profit transfer	0.0	0.0	-7.9
As of 31/03/2015	260.1	1,783.2	952.4

1) Number of shares amounts to 203,220,932 (prior year 203,220,932).

2) Of which attributable to discontinued operations and disposal groups EUR 125,2m (previous year EUR 125,4m).

3) Of which attributable to discontinued operations EUR 0.0m (previous year EUR 0.0m).

Revaluation reserves							Stake of the share- holders of Celesio AG	Non- controlling interests	Equity
Translation reserves	Revaluation of defined benefit plans	Asset revaluation reserves	Available for sale financial assets	Cash flow hedges	Other comprehens ive income from associates accounted for using the equity method				
-211.5	-265.9	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2,518.6	18.8	2,537.4	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.8	-1.8	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
-32.0	66.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.4	-0.1	34.3	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	120.0	1.7	121.7	
-32.0	66.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	154.4	1.6	156.0	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
-243.5 ¹	-199.5 ²	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2,673.0	18.6	2,691.6	
-238.7	-244.8	0.0	0.3	0.0	-11.1	2,743.5	18.0	2,761.5	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
27.2	-21.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	6.1	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-223.1	0.8	-222.3	
27.2	-21.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-217.0	0.8	-216.2	
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-7.9	0.0	-7.9	
-211.5 ²	-265.9 ³	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	2,518.6	18.8	2,537.4	

Consolidated segment reporting by division

1ST HALF 2016	Consumer Solutions	Pharmacy Solutions	Others	Consolidation	Group (continuing operations)	Discontinued operations
EUR m						
Income statement						
Revenue	2,093.1	8,579.6	0.0	0.0	10,672.7	774.0
External revenue	2,093.1	8,579.6	0.0	0.0	10,672.7	774.0
Inter-segment revenue	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gross profit	678.4	509.8	0.0	0.0	1,188.2	70.3
EBITDA	156.1	153.5	-25.6	0.1	284.1	-8.6
Impairment losses recorded on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	-1.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	-1.1	0.0
EBIT	124.5	133.9	-29.9	0.1	228.6	-8.6
Segment assets	2,287.3	1,782.2	-16.0	0.0	4,053.5	0.0

Consolidated segment reporting by division

SHORT FISCAL 2015	Consumer Solutions	Pharmacy Solutions	Others	Consolidation	Group (continuing operations)	Discontinued operations
EUR m						
Income statement						
Revenue	979.0	4,290.1	0.0	0.0	5,269.1	391.3
External revenue	979.0	4,290.1	0.0	0.0	5,269.1	391.3
Inter-segment revenue	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gross profit	320.7	251.6	0.0	0.0	572.3	30.8
EBITDA ¹⁾	51.3	43.5	0.1	0.0	94.9	-9.3
Impairment losses recorded on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	-5.6	-0.6	0.0	0.0	-6.2	0.0
EBIT ¹⁾	30.4	33.4	-1.6	0.0	62.2	-11.4
Segment assets ¹⁾	2,186.0	1,749.7	-121.1	0.0	3,814.6	0.8

1) Retrospective adjustment of the internal segment management reporting

RECONCILIATION OF SEGMENT REVENUE	short fiscal 2015	1st half 2016
EUR m		
Revenue of the reportable segments	5,269.1	10,672.7
Consolidation	0.0	0.0
Group revenue	5,269.1	10,672.7

RECONCILIATION OF SEGMENT EARNINGS	short fiscal 2015	1st half 2016
EUR m		
EBIT	62.2	228.6
Result from associates accounted for using the equity method	15.2	6.4
Result from other investments	-0.1	0.1
Interest expense	-17.5	-33.7
Interest income	1.8	2.9
Other financial result	-7.1	-3.3
Profit before tax from continuing operations	54.5	201.0

RECONCILIATION OF SEGMENT ASSETS	31.03.2015	30/09/2015
EUR m		
Segment assets of the reportable segments	3,864.8	4,053.6
Consolidation	0.0	-0.1
Segment assets of the group	3,864.8	4,053.5
+ Interest-bearing other financial assets	46.1	45.3
+ Non-current and current income tax receivables	25.9	30.0
+ Deferred tax assets	56.6	48.5
+ Other assets	6.6	23.3
+ Cash and cash equivalents	371.6	294.5
+ Assets of discontinued operations	418.0	337.4
- Other non-current provisions	44.0	41.2
- Other current provisions	109.9	80.4
- Trade liabilities	2,385.0	2,261.7
- Other liabilities	440.6	487.5
Total net assets	7,769.1	7,703.3

Accounting and measurement policies

The condensed consolidated interim report of Celesio AG for the first six months of the fiscal year 2016 – comprising the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of cash flows, consolidated statement of changes in equity and selected notes – is prepared on the basis of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 – Interim Reporting. All the applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) of the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), London, approved for use in the European Union as at 30 September 2015, and all the interpretations (IFRIC) of the International Financial Reporting Standards Interpretation Committee were complied with. This condensed consolidated interim report was neither reviewed nor completely audited by any auditor. The accounting policies applied in the preparation of the condensed interim report essentially correspond to those used in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2015. The condensed interim report should therefore be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Celesio AG for the fiscal year 2015.

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in euro. Unless otherwise stated, all figures are provided in millions of euro (EUR m). We would like to draw attention to the fact that differences may arise from use of amounts and percentages rounded to the nearest whole number.

Adjustments to previous-year disclosures

In the reporting period, an adjustment to the internal management reporting, which resulted from methodical changes to the offsetting of intercompany transactions and the allocation of inventories within the segments, led to a shift in the corresponding previous-year values for EBIT/EBITDA in segment reporting by business area between Consumer Solutions (EUR -10.5m), Pharmacy Solutions (EUR -22.4m) and Others (EUR +32.9m) as well as for segment assets between Consumer Solutions (EUR 47.6m) and Pharmacy Solutions (EUR -47.6m).

The previous-year disclosures relate to a short fiscal year.

Consolidated group

Business combinations and disposals in the first six months of the fiscal year 2016

Business combinations

In the first six months of the fiscal year 2016, seven retail pharmacies in Ireland and a retail pharmacy in the United Kingdom were acquired 100% and fully consolidated as a result of measures to optimise the portfolio in the Consumer Solutions division.

The key information about the companies acquired in the first six months of the fiscal year 2016 is as follows:

EUR m	Total
Consideration transferred	11.5
Purchase price payment	9.9
Purchase price liability	1.6
Contingent consideration	0.0
Shares previously recognised using the equity method	0.0
Revaluation of shares previously recognised using the equity method	0.0
Cash purchase price	9.9
Fair value of assets and liabilities assumed	
Total assets	1.5
Property, plant and equipment	0.4
Deferred tax assets	0.1
Inventories	0.5
Trade receivables	0.4
Other assets	0.1
Total liabilities	0.4
Trade payables	0.3
Other liabilities	0.1
Goodwill	10.4
Non-controlling interests	0.0

Incidental acquisition costs of EUR 0.2m were recognised in other expenses. No equity instruments were issued to settle existing purchase price liabilities. A purchase price liability in the amount of EUR 1.6m was recognised.

The fair value of the receivables acquired comes to EUR 0.5m and corresponds to the gross amounts of the contractual receivables. This contains trade receivables of EUR 0.4m.

The resultant goodwill mainly represents the future prospects expected with the respective business combinations and the value of the experience among the employees acquired and is tax deductible in the amount of EUR 0.5m.

Revenue of EUR 2.5m and a net profit of EUR 0.4m are attributable to the companies acquired in the fiscal year 2016. If these companies had been acquired

at the beginning of the fiscal year, they would have contributed EUR 10.0m to the revenues and EUR 1.5m to the net profit of the group.

Change in contingent consideration

The contingent consideration carried as liabilities in accordance with IFRS 3, which was revised in 2008 and has been mandatory since 2010, reduced by EUR 0.2m in the fiscal year 2016 as a result of a repayment of contingent consideration. Adjustments to the current value of contingent considerations are mainly determined on the basis of an earnings variable taking account of long-term planning. This did not result in any material adjustments to the range of contingent consideration recorded at the end of the fiscal year 2016.

Sales of subsidiaries

No companies were sold in the first six months.

Business combinations and disposals in fiscal year 2015

Business combinations

The table below provides the significant details of the companies acquired in the fiscal year 2015:

EUR m	Total
Consideration transferred	4.6
Purchase price payment	0.0
Contingent consideration	4.6
Shares previously recognised using the equity method	0.0
Revaluation of shares previously recognised using the equity method	0.0
Cash purchase price	-0.6
Fair value of assets and liabilities assumed	
Total assets	1.7
Property, plant and equipment	0.3
Inventories	0.5
Trade receivables	0.1
Cash and cash equivalents	0.6
Other assets	0.2
Total liabilities	1.3
Trade payables	0.1
Other liabilities	1.2
Goodwill	4.2
Non-controlling interests	0.0

No significant incidental acquisition-related costs were incurred.

The resultant goodwill mainly represents the future prospects expected with the acquisitions and the value of the experience among the employees acquired and is tax deductible in the amount of EUR 0.0m.

The fair value of the receivables acquired comes to EUR 0.2m and corresponds to the gross amounts of the contractual receivables. This contains trade receivables of EUR 0.1m. Revenue of EUR 1.4m and an earnings contribution of EUR 0.0m were attributable in the previous-year period to the companies acquired in the fiscal year 2015. If these companies had been acquired at the beginning of the reference period, they would have contributed EUR 1.4m to the revenues of the group. The contribution to the group's net profit would have been EUR 0.0m.

Sales of subsidiaries

Two retail pharmacies in the UK were disposed of in the fiscal year 2015 in the course of streamlining the portfolio. The consideration received amounted to EUR 0.1m.

Non-recurring expenses in the consolidated income statement

In the first six months of the fiscal year 2016, non-recurring effects amounting to EUR 6.9m overall that weighed on earnings were incurred. These non-recurring effects essentially result from legal and other consultancy expenses concerning the integration into McKesson Corporation in order to strengthen our future position in an increasingly global healthcare market.

In the reference period non-recurring effects amounted to EUR 16.4m weighed on earnings.

Unscheduled impairment test

Pursuant to "IAS 36 – Impairment of Assets", a company must assess on each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset could be impaired and in such a case must determine the recoverable amount of the asset or cash-generating unit. The assets to which IAS 36 applies were therefore subjected to an impairment test.

Goodwill and trade names are assumed to have an indefinite useful life. This also applies to acquired trade names, providing there is no intended time limit on their use. The impairment test is conducted according to the allocation of goodwill or trade names to a level of so-called cash-generating units. The composition of the cash-generating units has remained unchanged since the end of the year. If necessary, forecasts have been adjusted to reflect the latest findings and capitalisation interest rates have been recalculated.

An impairment loss is recorded at the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the two figures value in use and fair value, less costs of disposal. Value in use is generally used as the measurement benchmark and corresponds to the present value of future cash flows which can be allocated to the unit under consideration, calculated using the discounted cash flow method.

This relies on the latest business planning approved by management for the next five years (detailed planning period). The planning projections are rolled

forward to the following years using a constant growth rate. The growth rates after the detailed planning period are based on historical growth rates, independent studies on medium-term market development – comparing the projected performance of Celesio to that of the market – and the expectation for long-term growth in the healthcare market in light of demographic and other developments.

The planning is based on past developments and expectations of future market developments at the level of the cash-generating unit. Significant planning assumptions relate to revenue growth, the development of gross margins and operating margins, the discount rate and the growth rate in the period after the detailed planning period as well as expected direct synergies in procurement resulting from the business combination with McKesson, which can be allocated to the individual cash-generating units.

Due to a reallocation of the synergies in procurement directly assigned to the individual cash-generating units, an unscheduled impairment test was required on 30 September 2015. In order to validate the values in use determined as at, additional scenarios of critical calculation parameters were performed for the Pharmacy Retail Sweden cash-generating units:

- An increase in the total cost of capital of 1.0 percentage point
- A reduction in growth rates after the detailed planning period of 0.5 percentage points
- A one-year delay in planned revenue, retaining the margins of the base scenario, on account of prevailing market uncertainty regarding the political framework in the health sector and competition conditions in the markets which are relevant for Celesio. This scenario illustrates the effects on the impairment of goodwill, especially in markets with planned revenue growth and with the risk of competition becoming more intensive or political frameworks preventing growth. .

At the Pharmacy Retail Sweden cash-generating unit, the total cost of capital amounted to 7.6% as at 30 September 2015, while the growth rate after the detailed planning period was 1.0%. Furthermore, the Pharmacy Retail Sweden cash-generating unit includes goodwill of EUR 23.1m. Based on the assumptions above, the value in use exceeds the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit by EUR 4.3m. If the weighted total cost of capital were to increase by 0.6 percentage points, the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit would correspond to its value in use. A possible change in the growth rate after the detailed planning phase or a delay in the projected sales revenue would not lead to any need to record an impairment loss.

Discontinued operations and disposal groups

General

Following careful scrutiny and analysis of the strategic options, the Management Board of Celesio passed a resolution at the end of March 2015 to initiate the sales process for the Panpharma and Oncoprod units. These were previously recorded in the Pharmacy Solutions division and no longer form part of the core business of Celesio AG. With the planned sale of the Brazilian subsidiaries, Celesio is setting its focus on European markets and customers.

The two Brazilian units have been classified as discontinued operations since the previous year. In addition, at the start of February 2015 a resolution was passed to sell a small sub-unit of CGU PS Germany. Since this time, this unit has been classified as a disposal group.

Revaluation differences and disposals

The units classified as discontinued operations and disposal groups are measured at fair value less the costs of disposal. In this case, fair value is based on the preliminary offers of purchase and standard company valuation models (discounted cashflow method). No adjustment of the expected proceeds from sale and no adjustments (before and after taxes) were made in the reporting period for the Wholesale Brazil cash-generating unit (previous year EUR -210.5m) besides an updated estimation of costs to sell, which are reported in the net profit/loss from discontinued operations. Likewise, for a small sub-unit of CGU PS Germany that is available for sale, no adjustments were made in the first half year (previous year EUR -6.6m).

Assets and liabilities held for sale

The main groups of assets and liabilities held for sale are as follows:

	31/03/2015	30/09/2015
	Non-current assets held for sale	Non-current assets held for sale
EUR m		
Intangible assets	0.0	0.0
Property, plant and equipment	0.6	0.4
Inventories	51.3	47.8
Trade receivables	262.4	201.9
Cash and cash equivalents	6.3	7.3
Other assets	98.2	81.2
Assets	418.8	338.6
Financial liabilities	134.0	112.6
Trade payables	195.2	163.2
Other liabilities	86.6	71.2
Equity and liabilities	415.8	347.0

Real estate with a carrying amount of EUR 0.4m (previous year EUR 0.6m) held by the Consumer Solutions division is reported under non-current assets held for sale.

Profit from discontinued operations

The net profit/loss from discontinued operations breaks down as follows:

EUR M	Total	
	short fiscal 2015	1st half 2016
Revenue	391.3	774.0
Cost of materials	-360.5	-703.7
Gross profit	30.8	70.3
EBITDA	-9.3	-8.6
EBIT	-11.4	-8.6
Profit/loss before tax from discontinued operations	-15.7	-19.6
Income taxes	-30.1	4.0
Profit/loss after tax from discontinued operations	-45.8	-15.6
Profit/loss after tax from the measurement and disposals of discontinued operations	-209.5	-1.6
Net profit/loss from discontinued operations	-255.3	-17.2

Guarantees and other commitments, other financial obligations and contingent liabilities

On 30 September 2015, there were financial guarantees amounting to EUR 70.6m (EUR 81.6m as at 31 March 2015). The decrease of EUR 11.0m is mainly due to the reduction of warranties in the UK wholesale operation.

In the first six months of 2016, there was no material change to the other financial obligations shown in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2015.

Panpharma, Brazil, in particular is exposed to tax risks mainly in connection with VAT concessions as well as corporate income tax on these concessions. These result from the complexity of the tax laws as well as disagreements between states regarding the mutual recognition of concessions. In this regard, in December 2014 Panpharma received a tax bill from the federal tax authority of Rio de Janeiro referring to the years 2009 to 2013 for an amount of approx. EUR 80m. During the second quarter the federal tax authority revised its claim henceforth to EUR 110m.

Panpharma already filed a defence against this claim in the fiscal year 2014. We disagree with the assessment of the federal state tax authorities and believe that we have strong legal arguments to defend our positions. The chances of Panpharma losing the lawsuit or the objection being rejected are estimated to be possible but not very likely.

Contingent liabilities recognised for legal tax risks in connection with the business combination with Panpharma in 2009 amounted to EUR 16.8m as of 30 September 2015 (EUR 21.7m as of 31 March 2015). These decreased as a result of currency effects. To cover these legal tax risks, claims for reimbursement were agreed with the former shareholders, which are capped at a maximum amount.

The claims for reimbursement are recognised as a claim against the former owners in current or non-current assets. Celesio has options to offset the claims with liabilities, which partially hedges the potential reimbursement claims. Since the short fiscal year 2015, the contingent liabilities have been presented under the liabilities held for sale.

As regards the privatisation process in Slovenia, at first instance a favourable judgement was given for Kemofarmacija. The process is, however, currently under revision. The possibility that a higher court will pronounce a judgement that will lead to a cash outflow for Kemofarmacija is considered to be unlikely. The maximum risk is EUR 8.5m.

Fair value measurement

The following overview shows the carrying amounts and the fair values for each class of assets and liabilities:

ASSETS	31/03/2015		30/09/2015	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
EUR m				
Available-for-sale financial assets - equity instruments	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Available-for-sale financial assets - debt instruments	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
Loans to investments	15.8	15.7	15.7	15.5
Other loans	30.3	30.2	29.7	29.3
Other financial assets	50.5	50.3	49.7	49.2
Other non-current assets	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0
<hr/>				
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	31/03/2015		30/09/2015	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
EUR m				
Liabilities to banks	89.1	95.7	23.3	27.2
Promissory notes and bonds	846.0	897.7	846.9	885.5
Lease liabilities	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.1
Other financial liabilities	306.6	306.6	76.7	76.4
Non-current liabilities	1246.4	1304.7	951.0	993.2
Other non-current liabilities	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2

If the carrying amount represents an appropriate approximate value for the fair value, no details of the fair value are provided in the table.

The financial assets available for sale mainly comprise shareholdings in unlisted companies where neither control nor any significant influence can be exercised. If there are no active markets, these financial assets are shown at amortised cost. On 30 September 2015, unlisted shareholdings with a carrying amount of EUR 0.4m (previous year EUR 0.4m) were measured at amortised cost for this reason.

Celesio uses the following hierarchy to determine and recognise assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

Level 1: Listed prices on active markets for the same asset or the same liability

Level 2: Listed prices on active markets for similar assets and liabilities or other measurement methods where all key data used are based on observable market data.

Level 3: Measurement methods where all key data used are not based on observable market data.

The following overview shows the assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, divided into the measurement levels shown:

Assets accounted for at fair value

EUR M

Fair value measurement on a recurring basis _____

Available-for-sale financial assets _____

Derivative financial instruments - not designated as hedging instruments _____

Fair value measurement on a non-recurring basis _____

Assets held for sale _____

Liabilities measured at fair value

EUR M

Fair value measurement on a recurring basis _____

Derivative financial instruments - not designated as hedging instruments _____

Other liabilities _____

Fair value measurement on a non-recurring basis _____

Liabilities held for sale _____

31/03/2015				30/09/2015			
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
4.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
0.0	6.6	0.0	6.6	0.0	23.3	0.0	23.3
0.0	0.0	418.8	418.8	0.0	0.0	338.6	338.6

31/03/2015				30/09/2015			
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
0.0	73.2	0.0	73.2	0.0	6.1	0.0	6.1
0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4
0.0	0.0	415.8	415.8	0.0	0.0	347.0	347.0

There were no reclassifications of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis between level 1 and level 2 in the reporting period and no reclassifications to or from level 3.

The fair value of financial instruments that are actively traded on an active market is determined by reference to listed bid prices at the end of the reporting period. In level 2 and 3, assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are determined using the DCF method. This involves discounting the cash flows expected from the financial instruments using market interest rates for instruments of a similar term. Celesio accounts for the credit rating of the respective debtor by means of credit value adjustments (CVA) or debt value adjustments (DVA) on the basis of a mark-up/mark-down procedure. Where possible, the CVAs and DVAs are determined from observable prices for credit derivatives on the market.

Level 3 liabilities consist of liabilities from business combinations made after 1 January 2010 that were measured on the basis of earnings indicators as well as the assumptions and estimates of management. Please see → page 35 for a reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of liabilities measured at fair value in level 3 of the hierarchy.

No comprehensive income and expenses resulted from the recurring measurement of level 3 assets and liabilities, which are held in the company on the reporting date, at fair value.

The assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in level 3 concern the two Brazilian units, which have been classified as discontinued operations since the previous year. This also includes a small sub-unit of CGU PS Germany, which has been classified as a disposal group since the previous year. For a description of the measurement policy, please see → page 40.

Other comprehensive income after taxes

The items of other comprehensive income after taxes - including non-controlling interests - developed as follows:

	2015			2016		
	before taxes	taxes	after taxes	before taxes	taxes	after taxes
EUR m	<hr/>					
Items that will not be recycled through profit or loss	<hr/>					
Revaluation of defined benefit plans	-7.3	-5.3	-12.6	77.3	-21.8	55.5
Items that may be subsequently recycled through profit or loss	<hr/>					
Foreign currency translation posted directly to other comprehensive income	18.7	/	18.7	-21.3	/	-21.3
Release to profit or loss due to loss of control	0.0	/	0.0	0.0	/	0.0
Exchange differences	18.7	/	18.7	-21.3	/	-21.3
Other comprehensive income	11.4	-5.3	6.1	56.0	-21.8	34.2

Notes to the segment reporting

The segments are defined in line with the internal reporting structure of Celesio and are divided into the Consumer Solutions and Pharmacy Solutions divisions. These divisions form the basis for the internal controlling by the Management Board and thus correspond to the reportable segments.

The Management Board of Celesio AG is the chief operating decision maker referred to in IFRS 8.7. The divisions of Celesio AG can be described as follows:

- The Consumer Solutions division is aimed at patients and consumers. This covers the entire logistics chain, from purchasing merchandise through to selling to end consumers. In particular, the division includes activities relating to retail and mail-order pharmacies, as well as activities in brand partner shops. In addition, the division contains our investment in Brocacef Holding N.V. in the Netherlands, which is reported as an associate.

- The Pharmacy Solutions division offers solutions for pharmacists; it concentrates on wholesale business with third party customers. The operating segments in this division have likewise been combined at country level. The Pharmacy Solutions division includes the property developer for pharmacies "Inten".
- The Others division is primarily used to report the activities of the group's parent, Celesio AG, and other companies not directly attributable to operating activities. Celesio AG holds investments in the major operating national companies and national holdings. In addition, the operating entities of the Celesio Group are primarily financed via Celesio AG and Celesio Finance B.V., Netherlands. Celesio AG bundles group functions including in the fields of accounting, controlling, treasury and IT.

Consolidation of intra-group activities is shown separately.

The Management Board measures the success of the segments through EBIT calculated in accordance with IFRS. This is defined as earnings before interest, taxes and investment result. In addition, information on the gross profit and EBITDA is disclosed voluntarily.

The segment assets to be reported according to IFRS 8 correspond to committed capital, which is made up of the total of the carrying amounts of all non-interest bearing assets (apart from assets' tax items) less non-interest bearing liabilities (apart from liabilities' tax items).

The same accounting standards were applied to segment reporting by business area as were applied for the Celesio Group. Intercompany transactions are measured at market prices.

Transactions with related parties

Related parties as defined by IAS 24 (Related Party Disclosures) are legal entities and natural persons who can exercise influence over Celesio AG and its subsidiaries or, alternatively, are subject to the control or significant influence of Celesio AG or its subsidiaries. Since 6 February 2014, this has included the majority shareholder McKesson Corporation, San Francisco, USA, and its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. In addition, related parties include the joint ventures, associates and members of the boards of Celesio AG.

All transactions with related parties have been conducted at arm's length.

There are ongoing business relationships with joint ventures and associates, in particular with regard to supplies of merchandise.

The goods and services received from or supplied to related parties are summarised below:

	McKesson Corporation, San Francisco, USA	
	31/03/2015	30/09/2015
EUR M		
Loans and receivables	0.2	0.4
Liabilities	0.0	11.4

	McKesson Corporation, San Francisco, USA	
	01/01/2015- 31/03/2015	01/04/2015- 30/09/2015
EUR m		
Income	0.0	0.4
Expenses	0.0	0.0

Subsidiaries of McKesson Corporation, San Francisco, USA		Joint ventures and associates of Celesio AG	
31/03/2015	30/09/2015	31/03/2015	30/09/2015
0.0	7.6	25.6	24.0
310.5 ¹	410.4¹	0.9	0.7

Subsidiaries of McKesson Corporation, San Francisco, USA		Joint ventures and associates of Celesio AG	
01/01/2015- 31/03/2015	01/04/2015- 30/09/2015	01/01/2015- 31/03/2015	01/04/2015- 30/09/2015
0.0	6.7	15.9	57.7
0.0	3.0	0.0	12.9

Employees

At the end of the reporting period Celesio employed 28,633 employees (full-time equivalents), of whom 3,340 (31 March 2015: 3,677) are employed at companies that are reported as discontinued operations. As at 31 March 2015 28,795 employees (full-time equivalents) were employed in the Celesio Group.

Other disclosures in the notes

Other financial income contains changes in the market value of derivatives used to hedge financial liabilities, which were recognised through profit or loss. The changes in the market value of derivative currency hedge contracts resulted in Expenses amounting to EUR 83.8m (previous year expenses of EUR 38.7m). Other financial income also contains exchange gains amounting to EUR 8.7m (previous year EUR 91.3m) and exchange losses of EUR 95.8m (previous year EUR 59.5m). There were no impairment losses on loan receivables in the fiscal year or the previous year. In contrast, other financial income includes income from impaired loan receivables of EUR 0.0m (previous year EUR 0.1m).

A domination and profit and loss transfer agreement (DPTA) has been in place since 2 December 2014 between Celesio AG as controlled entity and majority shareholder McKesson Deutschland GmbH & Co. KGaA, a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of the McKesson Corporation, which has its head office in San Francisco, California, USA. In accordance with the DPTA, a profit transfer will first be realized for the short fiscal year from 1 January 2015 to 31 March 2015. Pursuant to § 4 (1) and (3) of the DPTA, McKesson Deutschland GmbH & Co. KGaA warrants a guaranteed dividend of EUR 0.83 per share to the minority shareholders for the fiscal year 2014. For the following fiscal years a compensatory payment in the same amount per share and per full fiscal year will be granted as long as the DPTA is in force. The net retained profit for Celesio AG for the fiscal year 2014 of 709,297,135.00 € has been fully paid into other revenue reserves as resolved in the Annual General Meeting of 11 August 2015. McKesson Deutschland GmbH & Co. KGaA has declared its willingness to Celesio AG to fully grant the guaranteed dividend for the fiscal year 2014 in the amount of 0.83 € and pay it to the minority shareholders.

Accordingly, a guaranteed dividend of each 0.83 € per share was paid to the shareholders of Celesio AG for the fiscal year 2014 and a compensatory payment of each 0.21 € per share for the short fiscal year from 1 January 2015 to 31 March 2015.

There were no further issues requiring disclosure in the interim reporting period.

Events after the reporting period

Since 30 September 2015 until the editorial deadline there had been no events of particular significance that can be expected to have a material effect on the assets position and revenue and operating results of the Celesio Group.

Responsibility statement

To the best of our knowledge and in accordance with the applicable reporting principles for financial reporting, the interim consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group, and the management report of the group includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the group, together with a description of the principal opportunities and risks associated with the expected development of the group.

STUTTGART, 27 October 2015



MARC OWEN
CHAIRMAN OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD
LABOUR RELATIONS DIRECTOR



ALAIN VACHON
MEMBER OF THE BOARD FOR
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This Interim Financial Report was published on 29 October 2015. It is produced in German and English and is available to download from the Internet at celesio.com, in the section entitled Investor Relations.

Rounding differences may occur in the Interim Financial Report due to presentation in EUR m.

The German version is legally binding.

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Interim Financial Report for Q1-3 2016

28 January 2016

(Extract)

Subject to modification. Additional dates and revised dates are available on the Internet at www.celesio.com/en/Investor_Relations/Financial_calendar/.

Forward-looking statements

The present Interim Financial Report contains forward-related statements based on current assessments by the management about future performance. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, which are outside Celesio's capacity to control or estimate precisely - such as the future market environment and economic framework conditions, government measures, the behaviour of other market participants or the successful integration of new acquisitions and realisation of anticipated synergies. Should one of these or other elements of uncertainty and imponderables occur or should the assumptions on which these statements are based prove to be inaccurate, the actual results may differ significantly from the results explicitly mentioned or contained implicitly in these statements. Celesio neither intends nor assumes any separate obligation to update future-related statements to reconcile them with events or developments following the date of this report.